

Methane isotopologue parameter assessment of multiple spectral databases using TCCON

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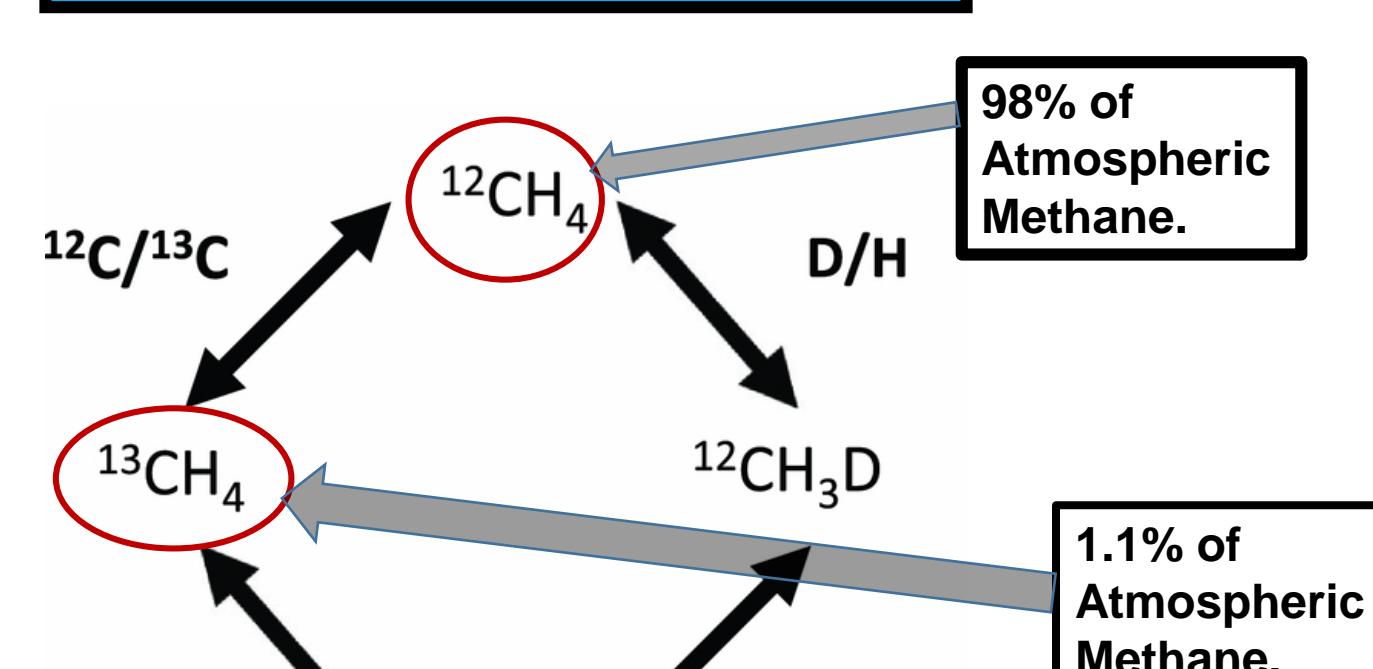


SUMMARY

In this study, we perform retrievals of the two main methane isotopologues $^{12}\text{CH}_4$ and $^{13}\text{CH}_4$ using the Total Carbon Column Observing Network (TCCON). With the aim of assessing the biases associated with methane retrieval in the future Copernicus Sentinel 5 spectral regions. To assess the biases we use the TCCON GGG2014 retrieval environment, and four separate spectroscopy databases, the JPL/TCCON spectroscopy database; the HITRAN2016 database; the GEISA2015 database; and the ESA SEOM-IAS database. We find significant variability in the retrievals of methane isotopologues, both in terms of the band and database. The SEOM-IAS database, with the addition on non-Voigt elements tends to show better spectral fits, and agrees closely with the current standard TCCON retrievals.

METHANE ISOTOPOLOGUES

ISOTOPOLOGUES
Chemical species of molecule that contains at least one isotope in its structure.



Courtesy of Nixon et al (2012).

METHANE SOURCES:
The ability to distinguish between the isotopologues of methane, allows an observer to determine the source of the methane emissions. (Etiope 2009).

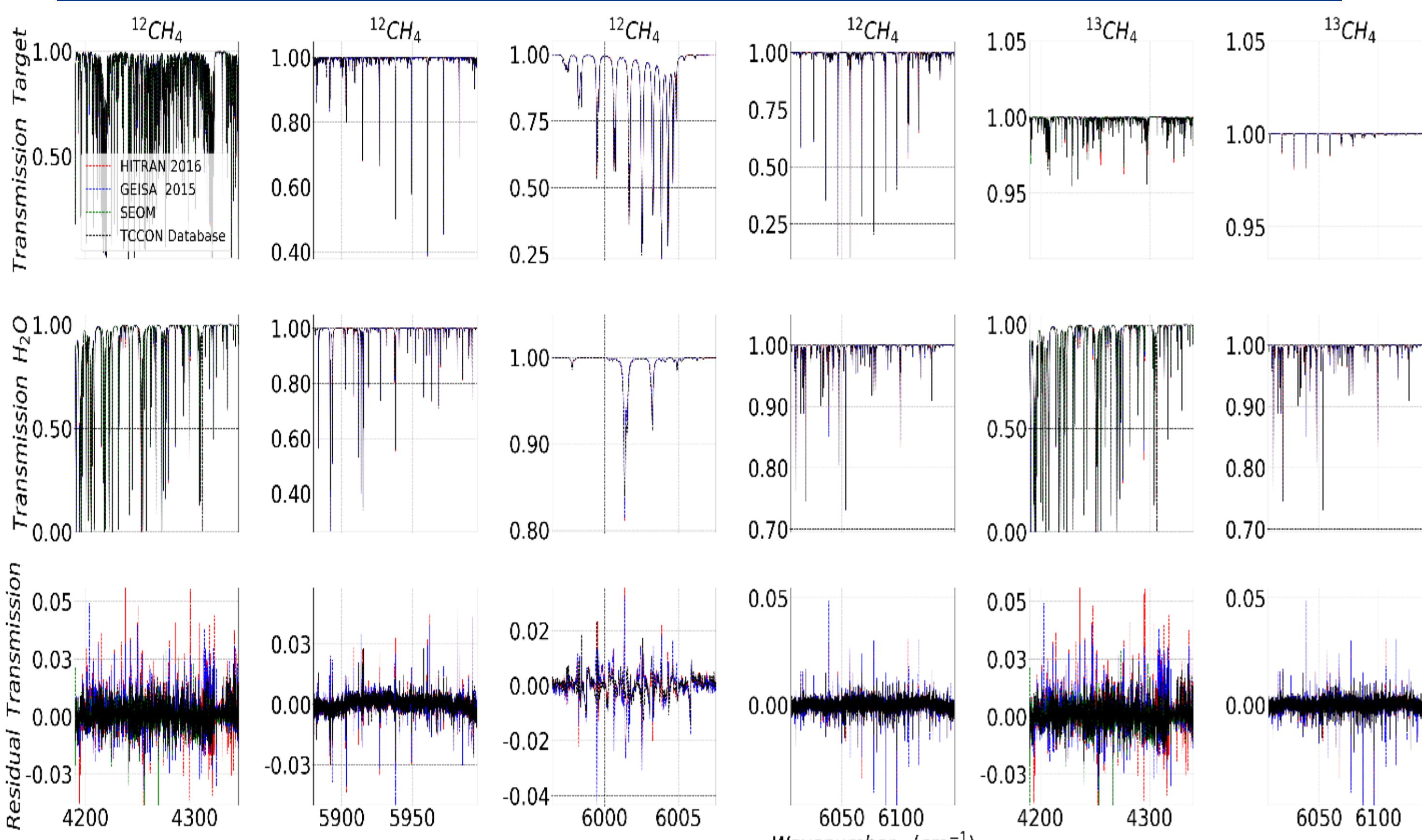
$$\delta^{13}\text{C} = \left(\frac{(\text{13C})_{\text{sample}}}{(\text{13C})_{\text{standard}}} - 1 \right) \times 1000$$

$\delta^{13}\text{C}$:
Global tropospheric averages of $-45\text{\textperthousand}$, abiogenic sources $-20\text{\textperthousand}$, and biogenic sources $-60\text{\textperthousand}$.

SPECTRAL WINDOWS

| Window | Range (cm^{-1}) | Target species | Source |
|--------|----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | 4190-4340 | $^{12}\text{CH}_4$ | Sentinel 5 baseline |
| 2 | 5880-5996 | $^{12}\text{CH}_4$ | TCCON Standard |
| 3 | 5996.45-6007.55 | $^{12}\text{CH}_4$ | TCCON Standard |
| 4 | 6007-6145 | $^{12}\text{CH}_4$ | TCCON Standard |
| 5 | 4190-4340 | $^{13}\text{CH}_4$ | Sentinel 5 baseline |
| 6 | 6007-6145 | $^{13}\text{CH}_4$ | TCCON Standard |

EXAMPLE TRANSMISSION SPECTRA AND RESIDUAL TRANSMISSION



SPECTROSCOPY (ASSUMED LINESHAPES)

- JPL/TCCON (Black – Voigt)
- HITRAN2016 (Red – Voigt)
- GEISA2015 (Blue – Voigt)
- SEOM-IAS (Green – Non-Voigt)

Retrieval statistics indicate that SEOM-IAS shows the lowest residual error.

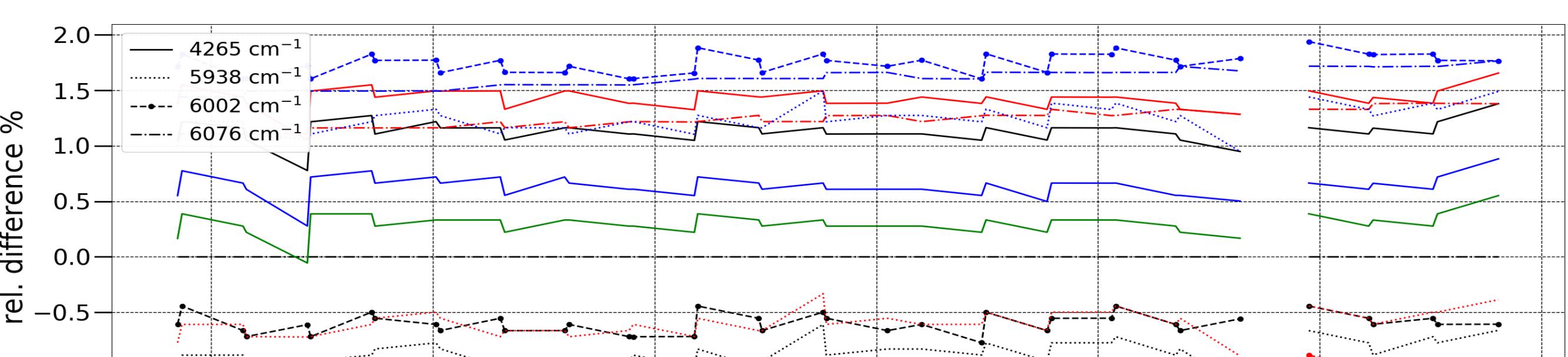
Windows 5 & 6 focused on $^{13}\text{CH}_4$ show same fit values as windows 1 and 4.

| | Window 1 | Window 2 | Window 3 | Window 4 |
|------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| RMSE | 4.438×10^{-3} | 3.076×10^{-3} | 3.846×10^{-3} | 2.680×10^{-3} |
| | HITRAN: 6.803×10^{-3} | HITRAN: 3.747×10^{-3} | HITRAN: 5.302×10^{-3} | HITRAN: 3.578×10^{-3} |
| | GEISA: 5.678×10^{-3} | GEISA: 3.910×10^{-3} | GEISA: 6.010×10^{-3} | GEISA: 3.722×10^{-3} |
| | SEOM: 4.268×10^{-3} | SEOM: nan | SEOM: nan | SEOM: nan |

EXAMPLE $^{12}\text{CH}_4$ RETRIEVAL TIMELINES

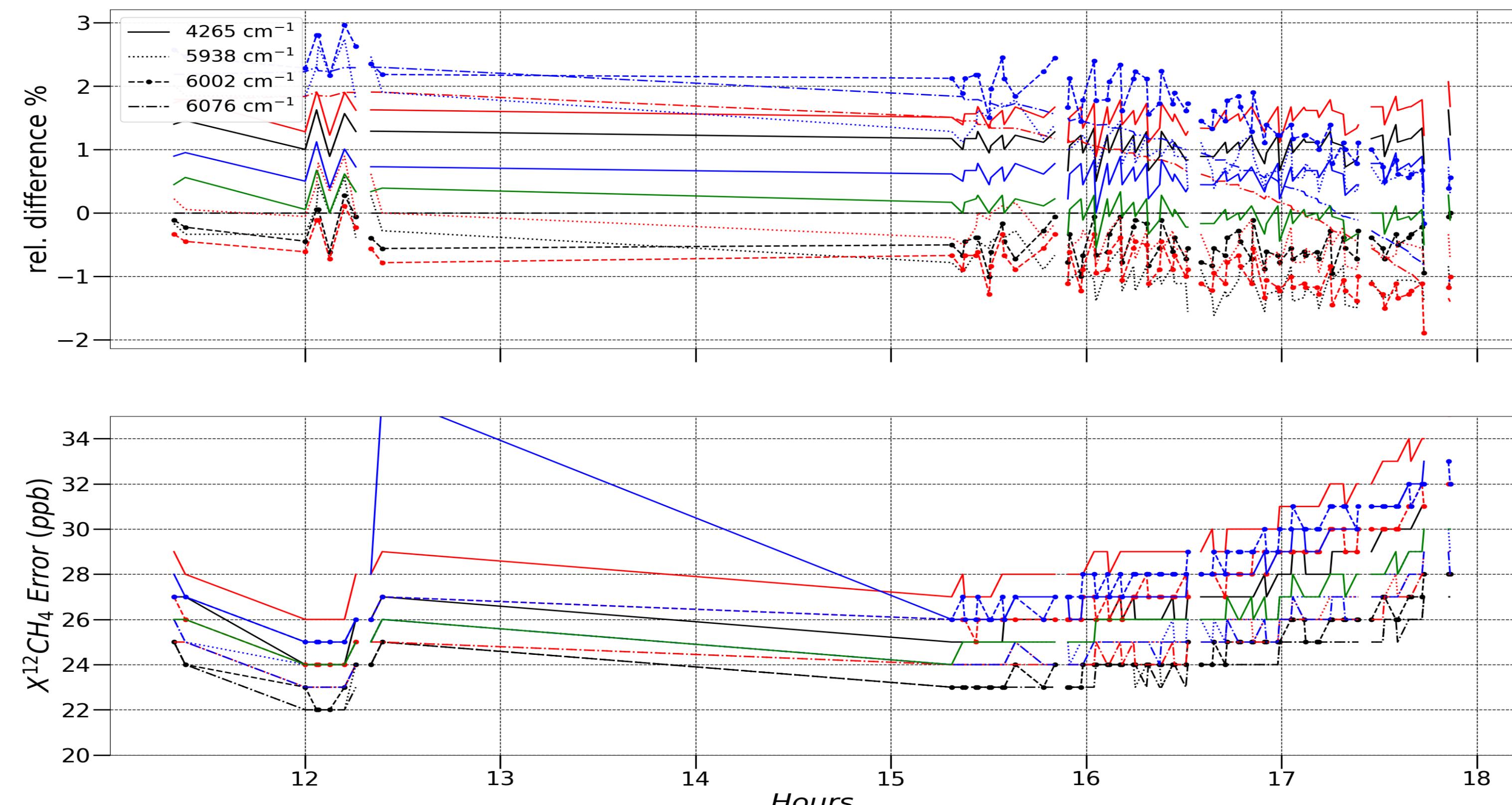
TSUKUBA (TK) (01/04/2016)

- Variable seasons, hot wet summers, dry cold winters
- High population density region, anthropogenic sources.



ASCENSION ISLAND (AI) (01/10/2016)

- Near the equator, constant year round conditions.
- Low population density, natural sources.



TK and AI both show wide variations in retrieval values, depending on spectral band and database.

DAY AVERAGED $\delta^{13}\text{C}$ VALUES

| $\delta^{13}\text{C}$ | TCCON Bands 1 & 5 | TCCON Bands 4 & 6 | HITRAN Bands 1 & 5 | HITRAN Bands 4 & 6 | GEISA Bands 1 & 5 | GEISA Bands 4 & 6 | SEOM Bands 1 & 5 |
|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| TK 01/04/2016 | -116‰ | -1.52‰ | -59.1‰ | -33.1‰ | -358‰ | -193‰ | -109‰ |
| TK 07/07/2016 | -173‰ | 74.5‰ | -159‰ | 296‰ | -518‰ | -202‰ | -143‰ |
| AI 23/08/2016 | -108‰ | -92.4‰ | -104‰ | -8.47‰ | -384‰ | -297‰ | -95.0‰ |
| AI 01/10/2016 | -115‰ | 43.6‰ | -46.7‰ | 160‰ | -419‰ | -134‰ | -84.2‰ |

Calculated from the $\delta^{13}\text{C}$ equation and retrievals from TCCON spectral windows.

CONCLUSIONS

- SEOM-IAS database has improved spectral fit performance. Also shows least variation in $\delta^{13}\text{C}$.
- Climate and site do not impact the indicated differences.
- Large variations in $\delta^{13}\text{C}$ calculation depending on bands and spectral database.

8. REFERENCES

- HITRAN2016: <https://hitran.org/>
- GEISA2015: http://cds-espri.ipsl.upmc.fr/GEISA/geisa_raie_2015.php
- SEOM-IAS: <https://www.wdc.dlr.de/seom-ias/>
- GGG2014: <https://tccn-wiki.caltech.edu/>