

Water and Temperature SVD Estimates to Improve OCO-2 XCO₂ Errors

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Day 1: 10:00 – 11:00 JST

Day 2: 10:00 – 11:00 JST

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Motivation: OCO-2 currently includes a single scalar water vapor and temperature state vector element in the XCO₂ retrieval. However, 2-3 pieces of water vapor and temperature information are actually in the measured radiances and simulations show that this mismatch can result in XCO₂ errors!

Methodology: Here, we derive the most common patterns of temperature and water vapor profile error using Singular Value Decomposition (SVD) (Fig. 3) and then including them in the retrieval state vector. We also implement a genetic algorithm (DOGO) to generate optimized quality filters for our results.

Results: We find that the residuals are reduced in the strong CO₂ band (Fig. 4) and that the scatter against TCCON can be slightly reduced using DOGO (Fig. 5)

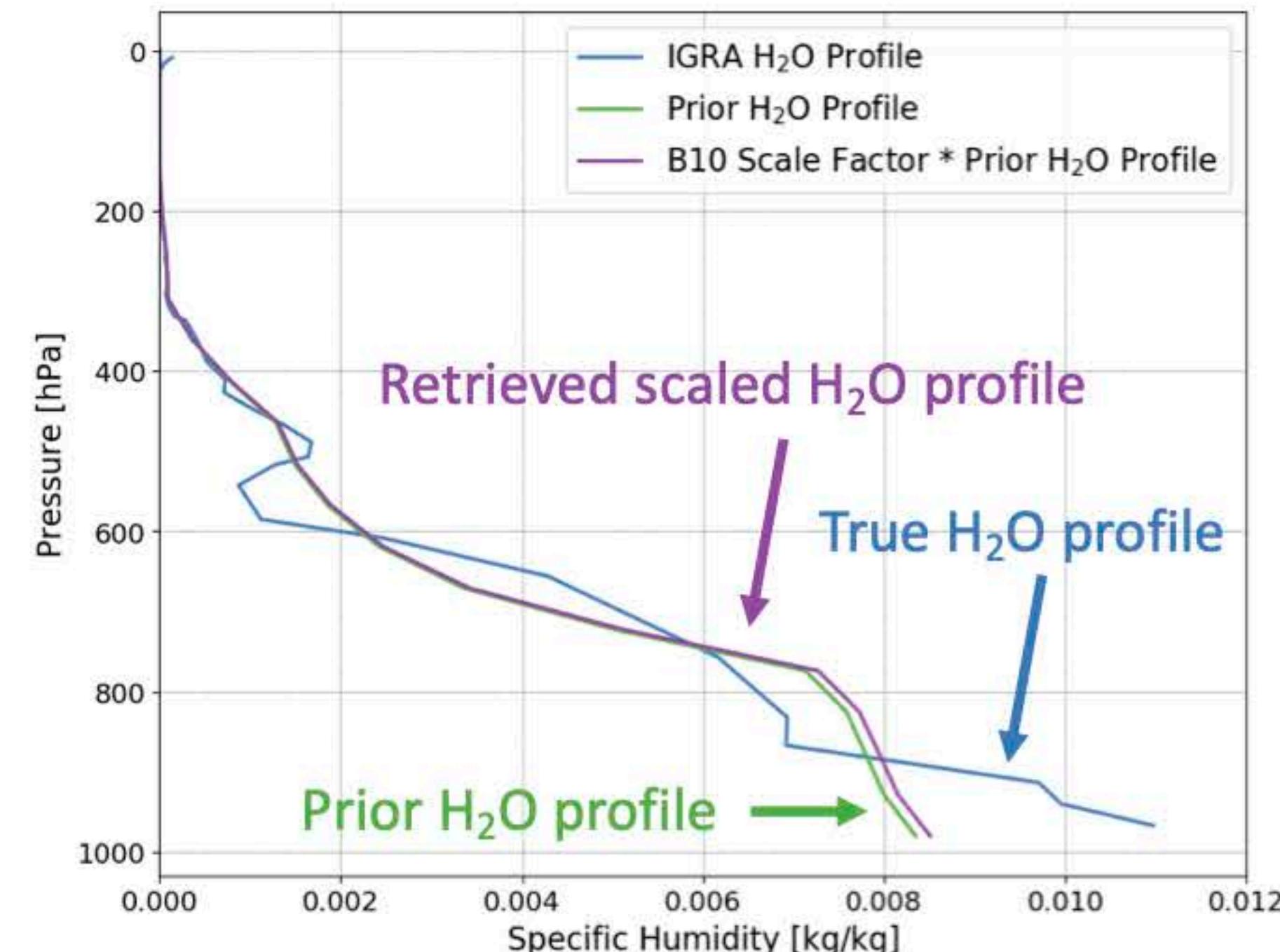


Figure 1: example retrieval demonstrating current lack of ability to fit the true H₂O vertical profile

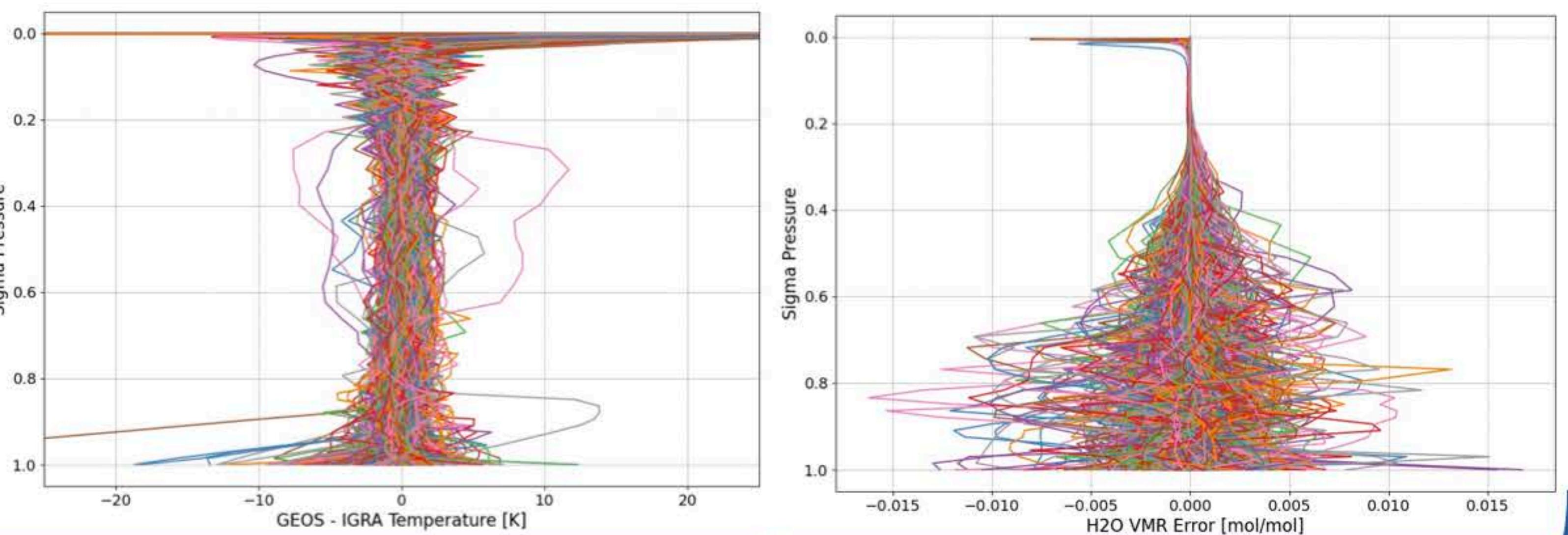
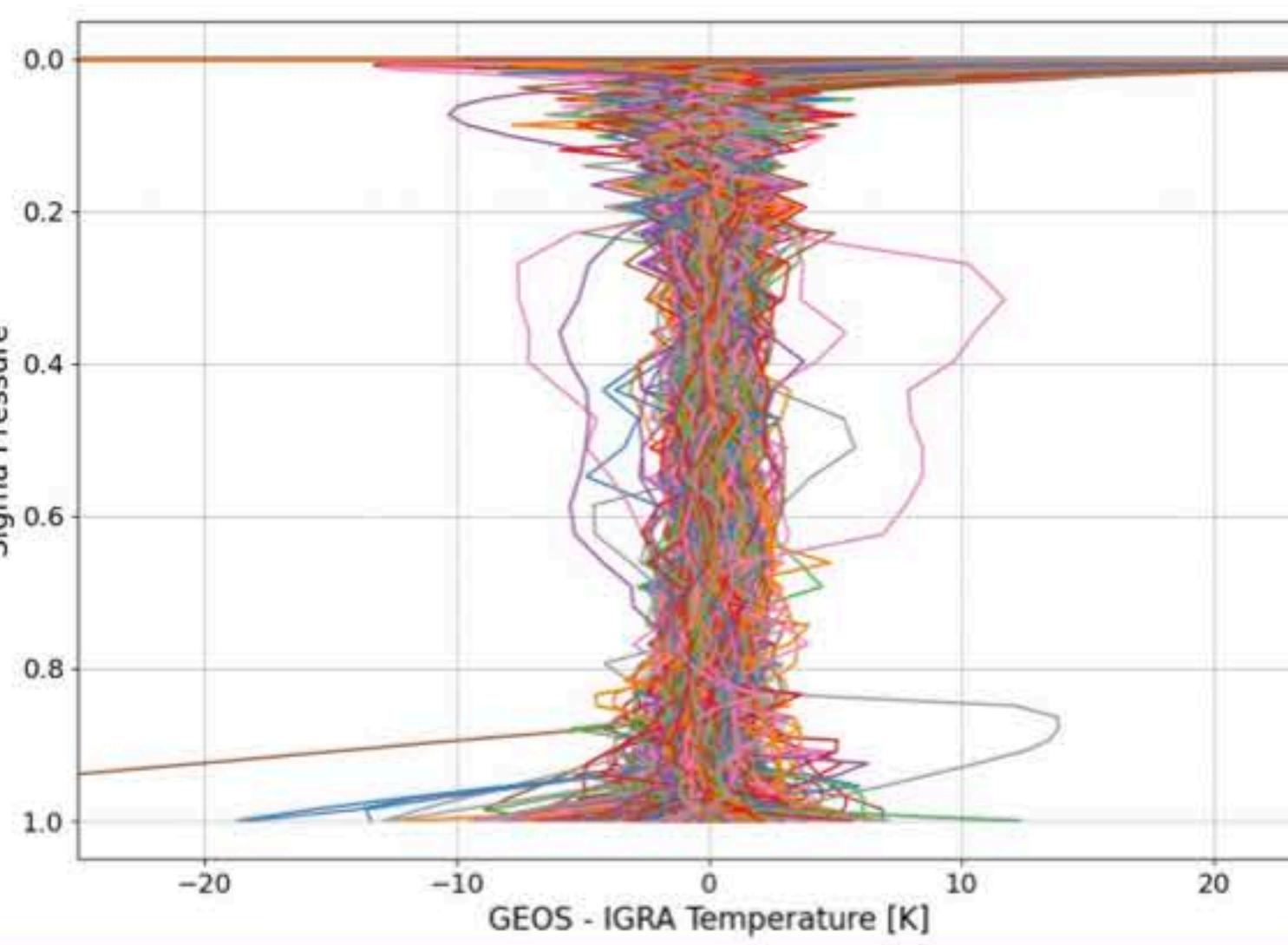


Figure 2: example profile errors (GEOS-5 minus radiosondes) of temperature (left) and water vapor (right)

$$\text{SVD: } A = USV^T$$

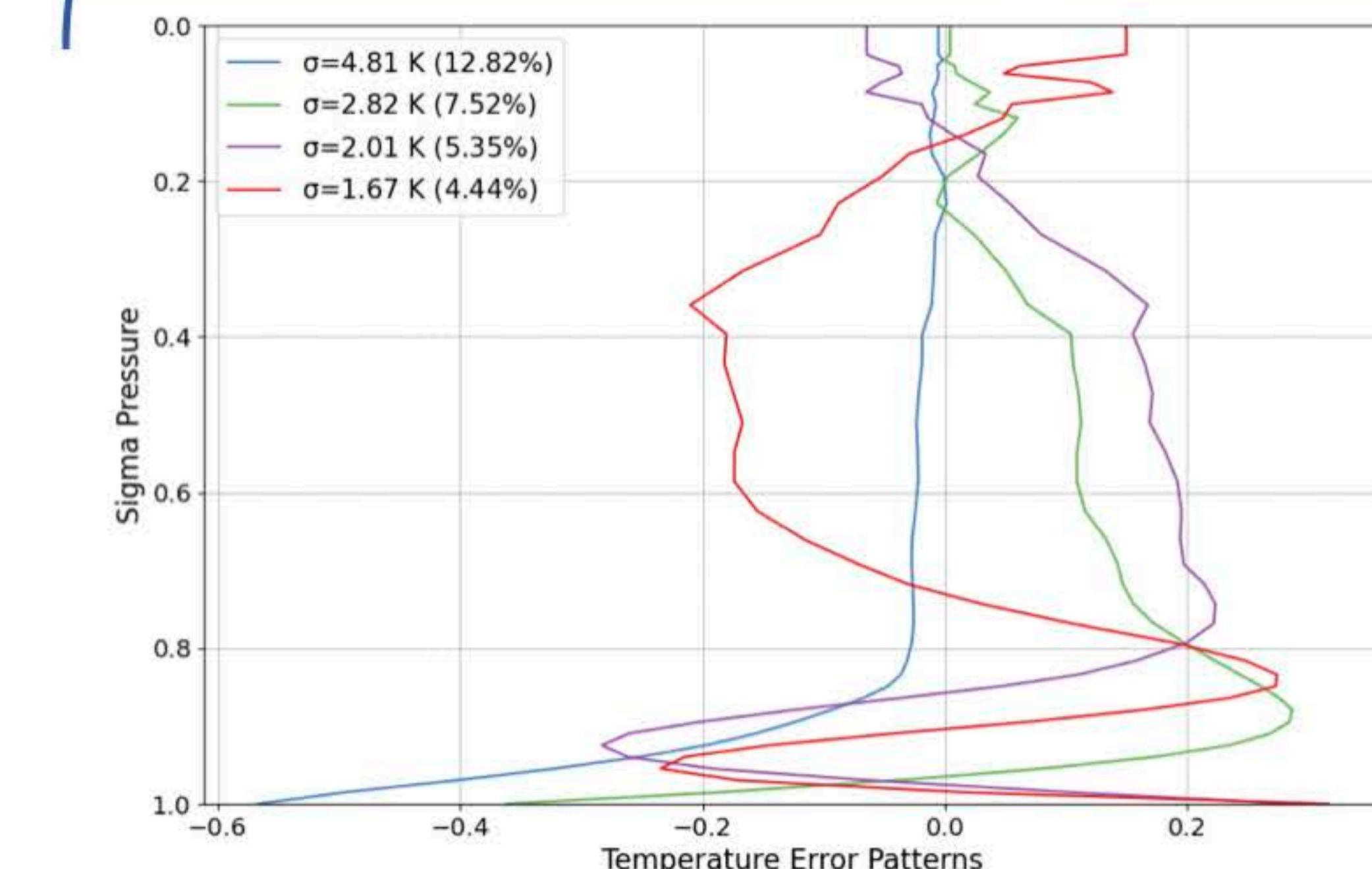
A = some matrix [m x n]

U = left singular vector / EOFs [m x m]

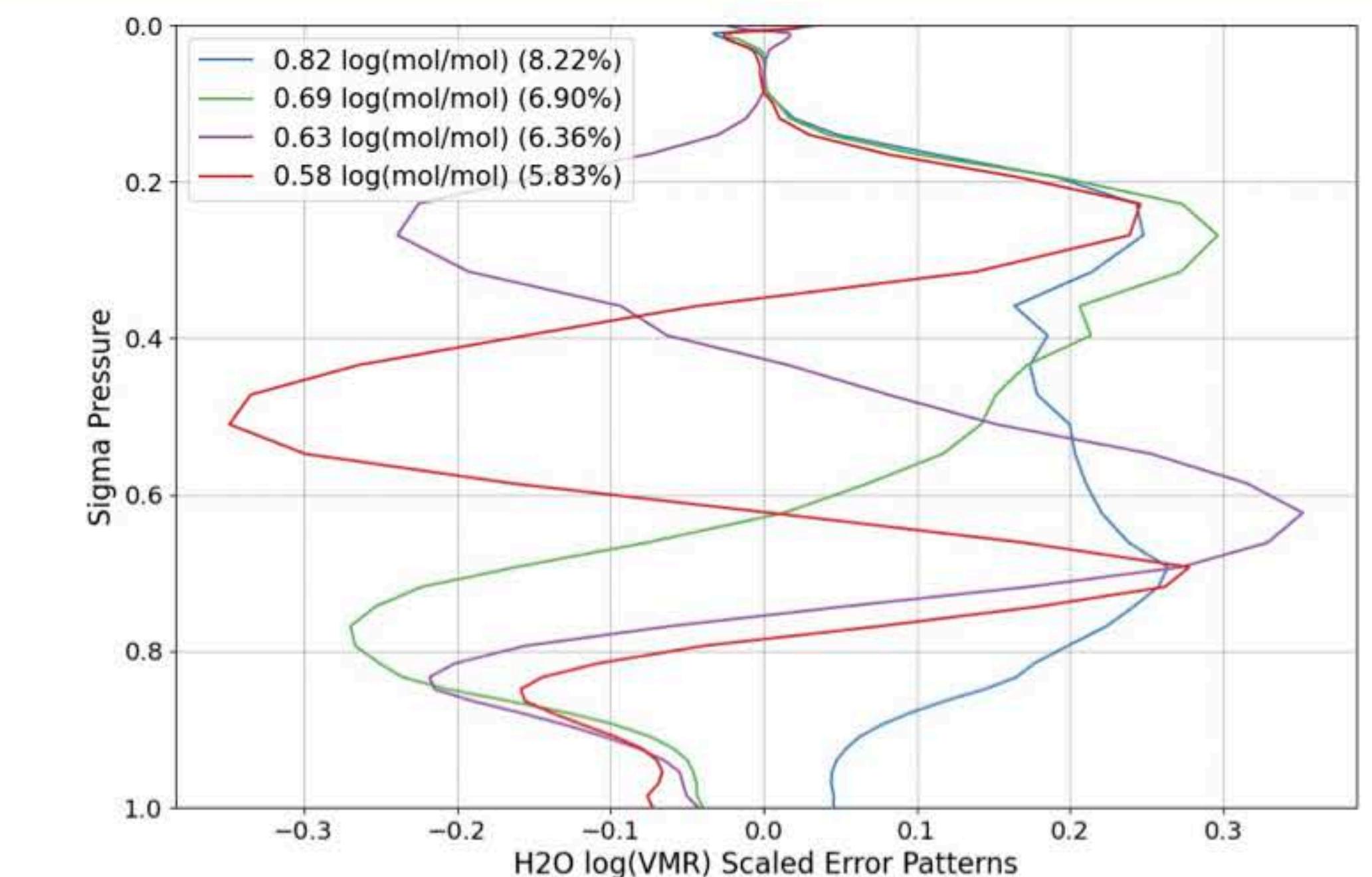
S = singular values / Eigenvalues [m x n]

V = right singular vector / Principle Components [n x n]

Figure 3: SVD tells us what vertical “shapes” explain the most variance in our prior temperature (left) and water vapor (right) profile errors!



Temperature profile error patterns



log(H₂O) profile error patterns

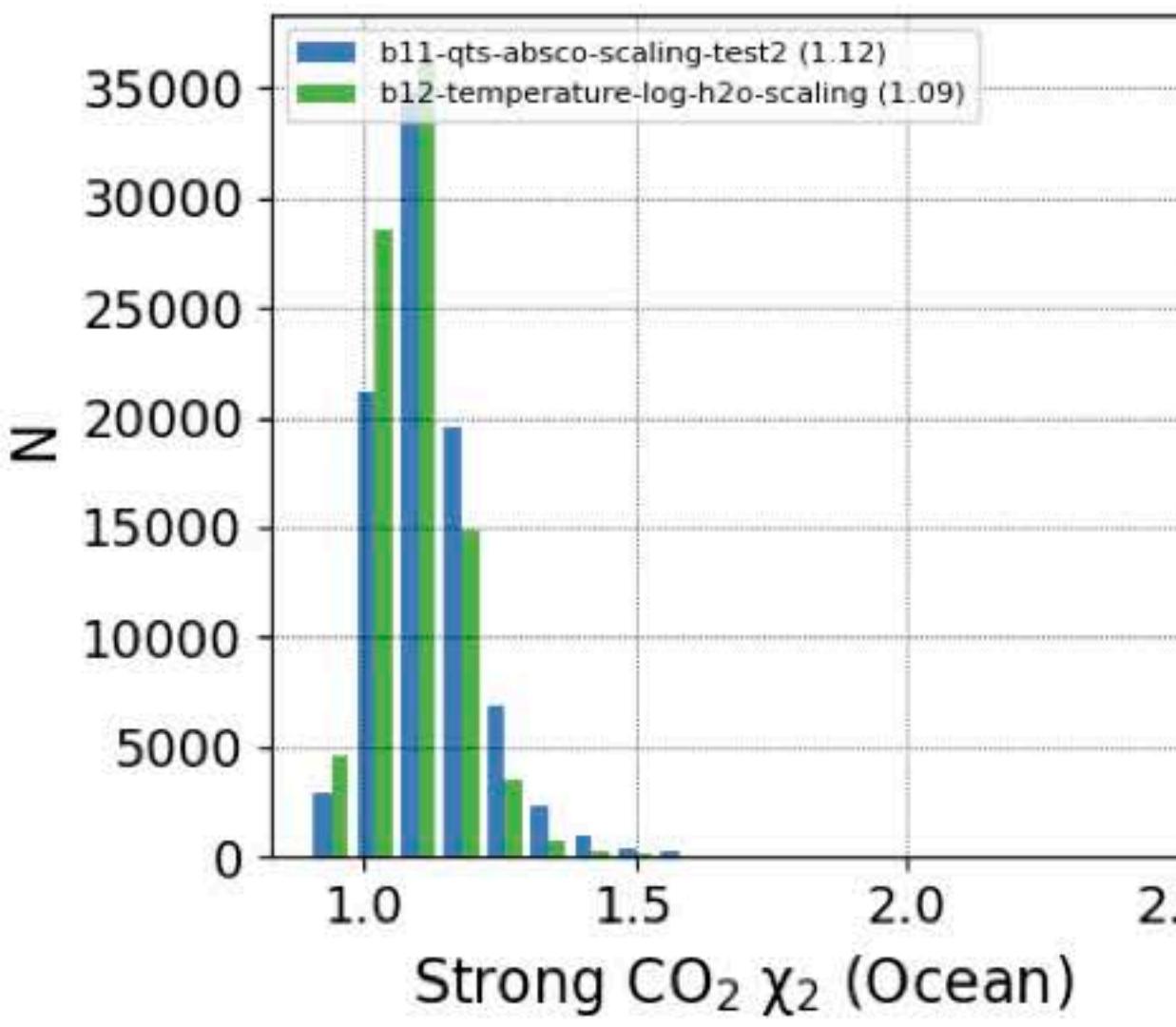
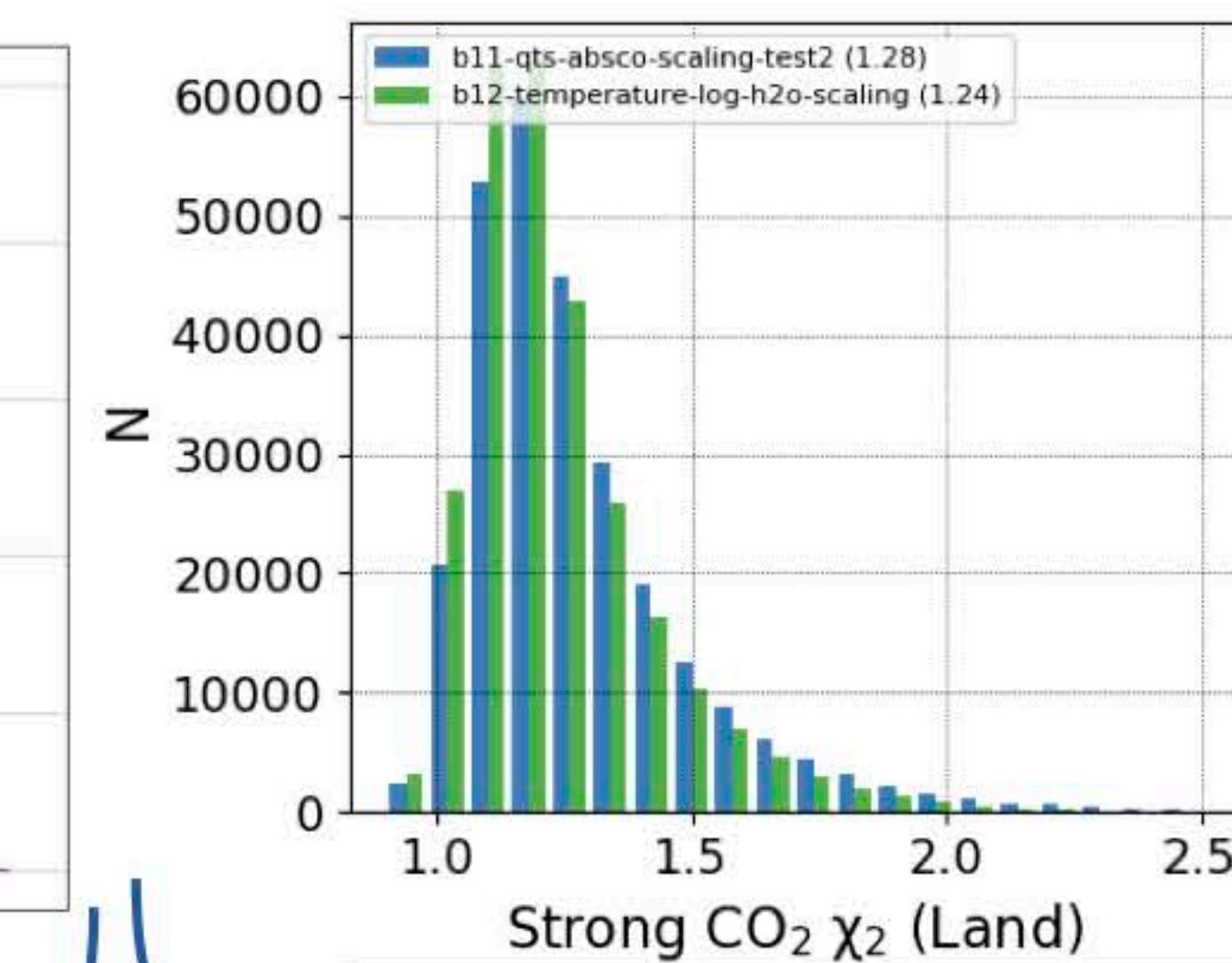


Figure 4: radiance residuals are slightly reduced in the strong CO₂ band

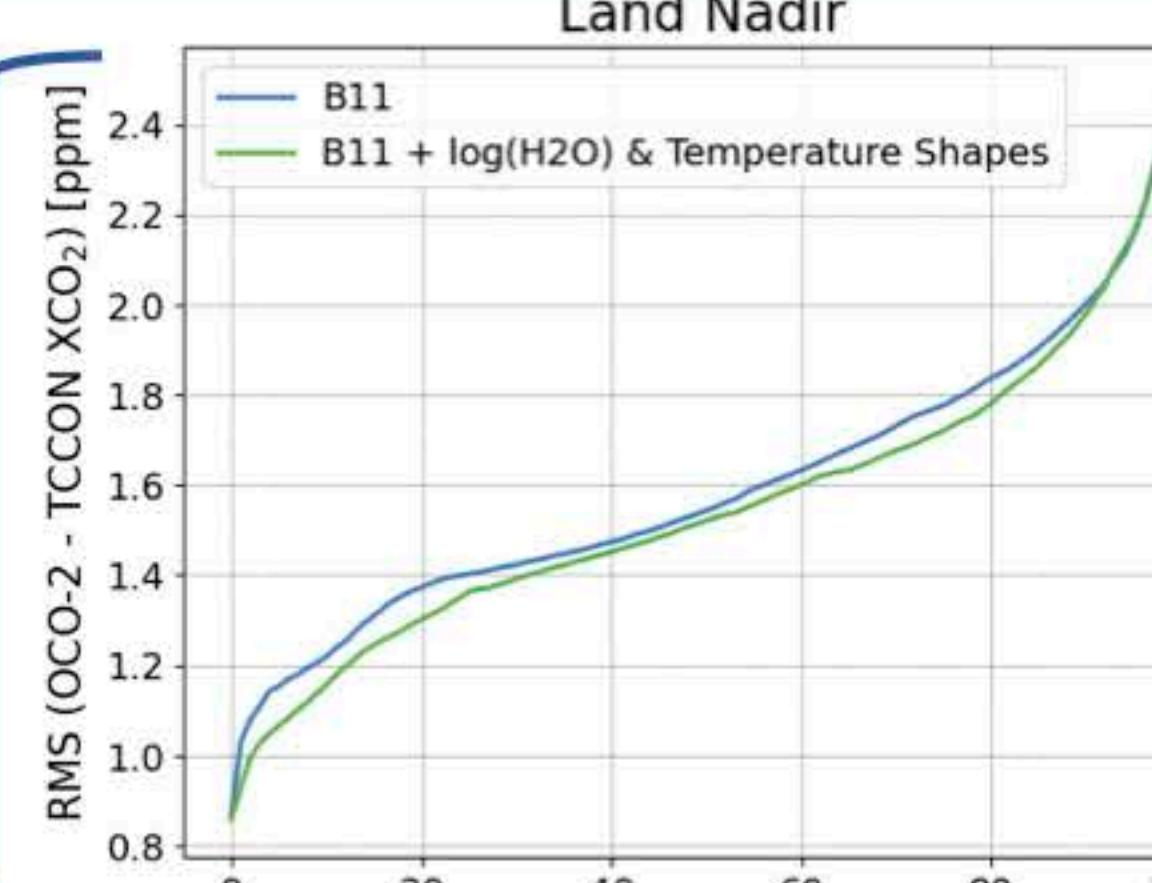


Figure 5: scatter of error vs. TCCON slightly reduced using the Data Ordering Genetic Optimization (DOGO)

