# Comparison of IASI CH<sub>4</sub> retrievals based on ASIMUT and RTTOV

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### Overview

- Methane in the thermal infrared with IASI
- An overview of ASIMUT & RTTOV
- Comparison of RTM simulations
- Comparing ASIMUT and RTTOV retrievals
  - Temperature retrieval
  - CH<sub>4</sub> Line-Mixing
  - RTM
- Very Preliminary comparison with in-situ data

### Retrieval of methane in the TIR



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### RTM

				ASIMUT	RTTOV
RTM		RTM		Full line-by-line (LBL) optical depth (OD) can be computed « in stream »	Coefficient files pre-computed using LBLRTM v12.2
		Spectroscopic data base		HITRAN 2020 but large flexibility	LBLRTMv12.2/AER 3.2
		H <sub>2</sub> O Continuum		MTCKD 3.4	MTCKD 2.5.2
		Fixed species considered		Flexible	O2, NO, NO2, HNO3, OCS, N2, CCL4, CFC-11, CFC-12, CFC-14, NH3, OH, HF, HCl, HBr, HI, CIO, H2CO, HOCl, HCN, CH3Cl, H2O2, C2H2, C2H6
		LUT		Can be generated for LBL species and for cross-section species, but not for continuum User specified (P,T) grid	Coefficient files for visible and infrared. ->Temperature, H2O and O3 profiles sampled from the ECMWF reanalysis fields (Chevallier et al., 2006), -> For variable trace gas profiles: Copernicus Atmosphere Model reanalysis fields were used
		Spectral sampling step		Defined by the user	Variable with RTM layering (LBLRTM strategy)
		Layering		Defined by the user	Based on 101 levels, but can be provided by the user
		CH4 Line-Mixing		Yes (based on Tran et al., 2006)	Based on AER line-coupling (different approach)
Inversion		Retrieval Method		OEM	OEM
		Retrieved parameters	Surface	T <sub>surf</sub> e(s) and albedo can be fitted	T <sub>surf</sub>
			T profile	Presently fixed, upcoming retrieved T profile	Can be retrieved
			Species	Flexible	T, H <sub>2</sub> O, O <sub>3</sub> , CO <sub>2</sub> , CH <sub>4</sub> , N <sub>2</sub> O, CO, SO <sub>2</sub>
			species	Flexible	H <sub>2</sub> O, N <sub>2</sub> O, CO, CH <sub>4</sub>

Radiative Transfer and Inverse Models | ASIMUT & RTTOV

# Comparison of RTMs for atmospheres (AFGL)



### Comparison Study Introduction

Impact of RTM impact of state vector  $\rightarrow$  T retrieval impact of regularization impact of spectroscopy

### → ASIMUT, RTTOV

→ Tikhonov<del>vs pure OEM</del>

 $\rightarrow$  CH<sub>4</sub> line-mixing

### Data

- ~700 Clear-sky IASI Observations (METOP-A) near Hawaii (January 2016)
- PCC-based radiances (lower noise) ٠

### Retrieval set-up

- Temperature and H<sub>2</sub>O from EUMETSAT (IASI L2) ۲
- Extended spectral domain with useful information on CH<sub>4</sub>, surface, perturbing species, avoiding too strong contribution of H<sub>2</sub>O
- Species considered in ASIMUT retrieval the state vector : CH<sub>4</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>O, H<sub>2</sub>O, HDO, CF<sub>4</sub>, HNO<sub>3</sub>, O<sub>3</sub>  $CO_2$
- Species considered in RTTOV retrieval the state vector:  $CH_4$ ,  $N_2O$ ,  $H_2O$  (and T in some case)

# **Retrieval versions** RTTOV ASIMUT

# Comparison RTTOV



Mean Spectral Residuals

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# Comparison RTTOV

#### $\rightarrow$ Testing the impact of adding the temperature profile to the state vector



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# Comparison ASIMUT

#### Mean Spectral Residuals

#### ASIMUT



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# Comparison ASIMUT

#### $\rightarrow$ Testing the impact of adding Line-Mixing effects to methane



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 $\rightarrow$  Testing the impact of RTM

#### **Mean Spectral Residuals**



 Version
 χ²
 DOFs

 RTTOV
 1.01
 1.9

 CH<sub>4</sub> LM
 0.371
 2.1

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#### Median CH<sub>4</sub> profiles over Hawaii (01/2016)



#### RTTOV (Tret)



ASIMUT





Median CH₄ profiles over Hawaii (01/2016)



#### Median CH<sub>4</sub> profiles HIPPO campaign (High Latitudes)





ASIMUT CH4LM



Unfortunately, the wrong a priori (Mauna Loa) was selected for ASIMUT

Median CH<sub>4</sub> profiles HIPPO campaign (20110830)





#### Median CH<sub>4</sub> profiles HIPPO campaign (High Latitudes)





ASIMUT CH4LM



Unfortunately, the wrong a priori (Mauna Loa) was selected for ASIMUT

Median CH<sub>4</sub> profiles HIPPO campaign (20110830)





Median CH<sub>4</sub> profiles HIPPO campaign (Tropics)



# Conclusions

#### RTM simulations with ASIMUT and RTTOV

- Different RTMs simulations show spectral residuals larger than the instrumental errors for well-defined atmospheres
  - RTTOV is fast and user-friendly
  - Asimut is more flexible in terms of spectroscopy and retrieved species

#### Temperature retrieval in the state vector

- No appreciable change to spectral residuals
- Small change in mean CH<sub>4</sub> column (0.2%) but larger variability (1.7%)

### CH<sub>4</sub> Line mixing

- Taking the CH4 line-mixing into account reduces the spectral residuals, especially in the Q-branch
- Significant increase of mean  $CH_4$  column (1.1%) but small variability (0.1%) -> a constant shift

### ASIMUT vs RTTOV

- Generally good agreement between both retrievals
- ASIMUT CH<sub>4</sub> columns are larger than RTTOV by 0.5% with a 1-σ spread of 2.5% (which might be improved by proper post-processing)
- Very preliminary comparison with in-situ measurements seem promising





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