

Date No.

National Institute for Environmental Studies Certificate of Analysis NIES CRM No. 31 Lake Sediment

This environmental certified reference material (CRM) was developed and certified by the National Institute for Environmental Studies (NIES) for the determination of multi-elements in lake sediment and in materials of similar matrix. This CRM supersedes NIES CRM No. 2 Pond Sediment. Certified values and reference values are given for the whole material as supplied, and for the HCl/HNO₃/HClO₄ extract, determined according to "The Methods for Sediment Surveillance" of the Ministry of the Environment, Japan (August, 2012).

F 1	Mass fraction			A well-thread words a dit
Element	Unit	Unit Certified value Uncertainty		Analytical method *
Aluminum (Al)	%	9.17	0.86	AAS, ICP-MS, ICP-OES, INAA, XRF
Calcium (Ca)	%	1.25	0.12	ICP-MS, ICP-OES, XRF
Iron (Fe)	%	5.38	0.55	ICP-MS, ICP-OES, INAA, XRF
Sodium (Na)	%	0.882	0.063	AAS, ICP-OES, INAA, XRF
Titanium (Ti)	%	0.442	0.044	ICP-MS, ICP-OES, XRF
Chromium (Cr)	mg/kg	43.3	3.0	ICP-MS, ICP-OES, INAA, XRF
Copper (Cu)	mg/kg	53.1	4.6	ICP-MS, ICP-OES, INAA, XRF
Lead (Pb)	mg/kg	25.1	2.5	ICP-MS, ICP-OES
Manganese (Mn)	mg/kg	978	92	ICP-MS, ICP-OES, INAA, XRF
Nickel (Ni)	mg/kg	25.3	2.8	ICP-MS, ICP-OES
Phosphorus (P)	mg/kg	925	60	AAS, ICP-OES, XRF
Vanadium (V)	mg/kg	154	11	ICP-MS, ICP-OES, INAA
Zinc (Zn)	mg/kg	121	13	ICP-MS, ICP-OES, INAA, XRF

Certified Values of NIES CRM No.31 in the whole material as supplied

* AAS, atomic absorption spectroscopy

ICP-OES, inductively coupled plasma-optical emission spectrometry

ICP-MS, inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry

ID-ICP-MS, isotope dilution-inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry

INAA, instrumental neutron activation analysis

XRF, X-ray fluorescence spectroscopy

Element	Mass fraction			
	Unit	Reference value	Uncertainty	Analytical method *
Magnesium (Mg)	%	0.836	0.068	AAS, ICP-MS, ICP-OES, INAA, XRF
Potassium (K)	%	0.991	0.134	AAS, ICP-MS, ICP-OES, INAA, XRF
Arsenic (As)	mg/kg	13.9	1.5	ICP-MS, INAA
Barium (Ba)	mg/kg	338	49	ICP-MS, ICP-OES, INAA, XRF
Cadmium (Cd)	mg/kg	0.342	0.043	ICP-MS, ID-ICP-MS
Cobalt (Co)	mg/kg	18.1	1.9	ICP-MS, ICP-OES, INAA
Lanthanum (La)	mg/kg	20.4	2.2	ICP-MS, ICP-OES, INAA
Scandium (Sc)	mg/kg	19.1	3.4	ICP-MS, ICP-OES, INAA
Strontium (Sr)	mg/kg	125	14	ICP-MS, ICP-OES, XRF

Reference Values of NIES CRM No.31 in the whole material as supplied

* AAS, atomic absorption spectroscopy

ICP-OES, inductively coupled plasma-optical emission spectrometry

ICP-MS, inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry

ID-ICP-MS, isotope dilution-inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry

INAA, instrumental neutron activation analysis

XRF, X-ray fluorescence spectroscopy

Certified Values of NIES CRM No.31 in the HCl/HNO₃/HClO₄ extract

	Mass fraction				
Element	Unit Certified value Uncertainty			Analytical method *	
Copper (Cu)	mg/kg	50.6	8.1	ICP-MS, ICP-OES	
Lead (Pb)	mg/kg	22.0	3.0	ICP-MS, ICP-OES	
Manganese (Mn)	mg/kg	881	85	AAS, ICP-MS, ICP-OES	
Nickel (Ni)	mg/kg	22.2	2.3	ICP-MS, ICP-OES	
Vanadium (V)	mg/kg	133	23	ICP-MS, ICP-OES	
Zinc (Zn)	mg/kg	110	13	AAS, ICP-MS, ICP-OES	

* AAS, atomic absorption spectroscopy

ICP-OES, inductively coupled plasma-optical emission spectrometry

ICP-MS, inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry

Element	Mass fraction			A
	Unit	Reference value	Uncertainty	Analytical method *
Cadmium (Cd)	mg/kg	0.285	0.067	ICP-MS, ICP-OES
Chromium (Cr)	mg/kg	33.7	6.1	ICP-MS, ICP-OES

Reference Values of NIES CRM No.31 in the HCl/HNO₃/HClO₄ extract

* ICP-OES, inductively coupled plasma-optical emission spectrometry

ICP-MS, inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry

Characterization

The property values of the material were statistically determined based on chemical analyses by 13 organizations (including 20 laboratories) using a wide range of methods. A property value satisfying the following conditions was accepted as a certified value:

1) the relative standard deviation associated with the mean of the laboratory means was 10 % or less,

2) the number of laboratories contributing to the mean of the laboratory means was at least ten, and

3) the number of analytical methods contributing to the mean of the laboratory means was at least two.

The uncertainty attached to the certified values is the expanded uncertainty using a coverage factor k = 2, corresponding to the half-width of a confidence interval of approximately 95 %. A property value failing to satisfy one or two of the NIES criteria for certification but supplying valuable additional information about the material is given as a reference value. All certified and reference values were determined based on dry mass.

Description of the Material

The CRM is supplied as fine powder in an amber glass bottle. It is dark grayish-yellow in color.

Preparation of the CRM

The origin of this material is sediment collected at Lake Kasumigaura, Japan in February 1999. The raw sediment was dried in the sun at NIES and the clods that formed were crushed, sieved through a 2 mm sieve, and dried at 105 °C overnight. This dry material was then ground in an alumina ball mill, and passed first through a 212 µm sieve and then through a 75 µm sieve. The sieved material was homogenized with a V-blender to yield 12.2 kg of powder suitable for use as the CRM. The final material was placed in amber glass bottles (20 g in each bottle, 560 bottles), and sterilized by ⁶⁰Co irradiation (20 kGy). All procedures complied with ISO Guide 34.

Homogeneity

Mass fractions of multi-elements, including those for which certified values are given, were determined by XRF in material taken from 10 bottles selected from the total 560 bottles by stratified random sampling. The between-bottle variation evaluated by a one-way analysis of variance (ANOVA) showed the relative standard deviations between bottles for the analytes to be less than 1 %. The material, therefore, is sufficiently homogeneous for its intended use as a reference material.

Instructions for Use

- 1. Care should be taken to avoid contamination when opening the bottles. It is desirable to use up the contents as quickly as possible after opening.
- This CRM should be kept tightly closed in its original bottle and stored in a desiccator at room temperature (≤30 °C).
- 3. Prior to weighing portions for analysis, the contents of the bottle should be shaken gently.
- 4. It is recommended that a sample intake of 0.05 g is the minimum for convenient handling.
- 5. Precautions should be taken to avoid inhalation of the material.
- 6. This CRM should not be used for purposes other than research. When disposing of the material, local laws concerning processing and disposal of waste materials should be strictly adhered to.
- 7. The mass fractions of elements in this CRM are reported on a dry mass basis. This CRM, as received, has less than 1 % water as measured in NIES by drying for 4 h at 105 °C. Correction to dry mass should be determined by drying a separate sub-sample.

Expiry Date of Certification

The expiry date for the certified values of this CRM is December 2034 assuming that the recommended storage conditions are adhered to. NIES will notify via its website if any changes in the contents are recognized within the term of validity.

Collaborating Laboratories in Analysis

The certified and reference values for this CRM were based on analytical values from the following 13 participating organizations:

National Institute for Environmental Studies; China Institute of Atomic Energy; Elemental Analysis, Inc.; Environmental Control Center Co., Ltd.; Environmental Research Center Co., Ltd.; IDEA Consultants, Inc.; Japan Environment Sanitation Center; Japan Food Research Laboratories; Kanagawa Industrial Technology Center; Murata Keisokuki Service Co., Ltd.; Naitoh Environmental Science Co., Ltd.; Nippon Steel & Sumikin Technology Co., Ltd.; Shimadzu Techno-Research Inc.

Technical Information

Technical information and the latest research reports regarding this material can be obtained from the website. http://www.nies.go.jp/labo/crm-e/index.html

> December 24, 2014 Takashi Imamura Director Center for Environmental Measurement and Analysis National Institute for Environmental Studies

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Original certificate date: December 24, 2014 Certificate revision date: April 1, 2021 (Editorial changes) Certificate revision date: December 23, 2024 (Update of expiry date)



Appendix



Fig. A1: Schematic flow-chart of the HCl/HNO₃/HClO₄ extraction method according to "The Methods for Sediment Surveillance" (in Japanese) of the Ministry of the Environment, Japan (public notice, August 2012).

Element —	Mass	fraction	Analytical Mathad *
	Unit	Content	- Analytical Method
Carbon (C)	%	3.22	EA
Nitrogen (N)	%	0.373	EA
Silicon (Si)	%	25.1	Gravimetry, XRF
Sulfur (S)	%	0.391	ICP-OES

* EA, elemental analysis

XRF, X-ray fluorescence spectroscopy

ICP-OES, inductively coupled plasma-optical emission spectrometry