

# TPM11 - Session 4

PRA8. Climate Change  
- Research Collaboration for  
Low Carbon Development in  
Three Countries



# Reports on PRA 8 – Climate Change Research Collaboration for Low Carbon Development in Three Countries

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11th Tripartite Presidents Meeting among CRAES, NIES and NIER

Kawasaki Nikko Hotel, Kawasaki City, Japan

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# Activities in PRA 8: Climate Change

- **CRAES**
  - Evaluation system toward Low carbon & Sustainable development
    - Low carbon, Environmental protection and Development
- **NIER**
  - New Asia Future Emission Scenarios
- **NIES**
  - New research project, S-12 of the Environment Research and Technology Development Fund by MOEJ, focusing on LLGHG and SLCP emission pathways.
    - On 21 and 22 July 2014, the 2nd International Symposium for ABC (Atmospheric Brown Cloud) and SLCP (Short-Lived Climate Pollutant) was held in Tokyo.
  - NIES had a workshop on AIM (Asia-Pacific Integrated Model) Enduse model and CGE (computable general equilibrium) model in Tsukuba.
  - The above two events are treated as a research collaboration among 3 institutes, and NIES invited CRAES and NIER.

# Activities in CRAES (1)

The evaluation system: Index



indicators



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The evaluation system: Index



Low Carbon Index

低碳指数

$$I_{LC} = \frac{1}{n} [\delta_1 x_{lc_1}^* + \delta_2 x_{lc_2}^* + \dots + \delta_n x_{lc_n}^*] = \frac{1}{n} \sum \delta_n x_{lc_n}^*$$

Environmental Protection Index

环保指数

$$I_{EP} = \frac{1}{n} [\delta_1 x_{lc_1}^* + \delta_2 x_{lc_2}^* + \dots + \delta_n x_{lc_n}^*] = \frac{1}{n} \sum \delta_n x_{lc_n}^*$$

Development Index

发展指数

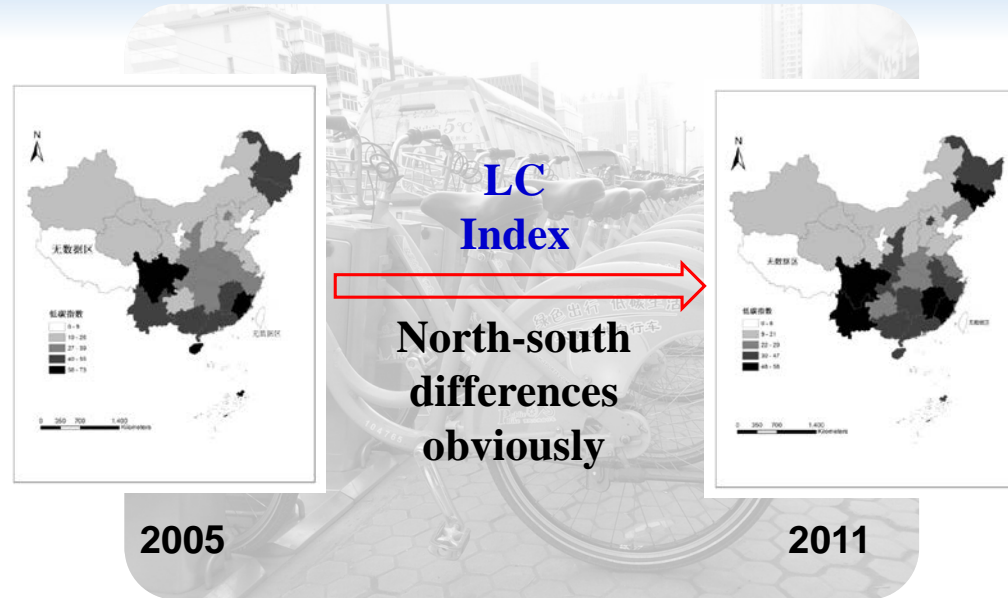
$$I_{SD} = \frac{1}{p} [\omega_1 x_{d_1}^* + \omega_2 x_{d_2}^* + \dots + \omega_p x_{d_p}^*] = \frac{1}{p} \sum \omega_p x_{d_p}^*$$

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3

# Activities in CRAES (2)

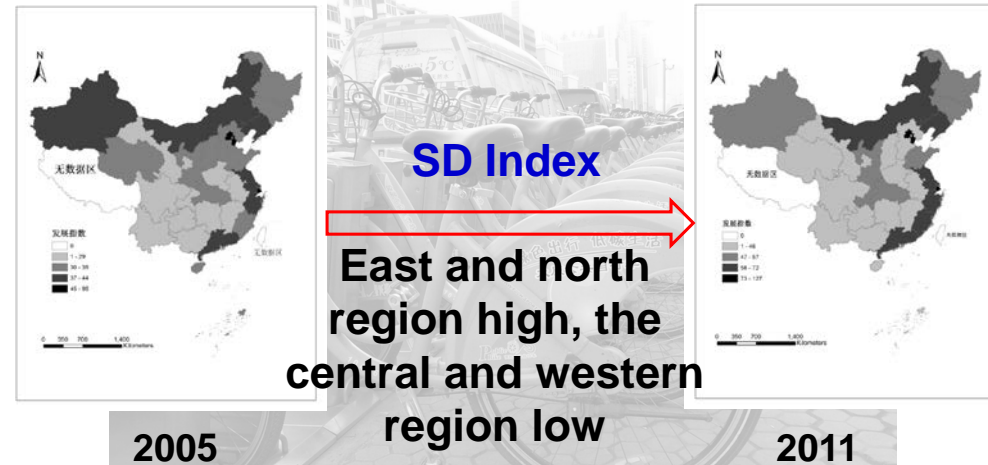
## Evaluating results



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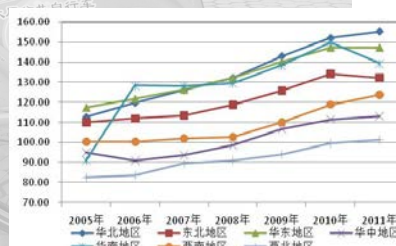
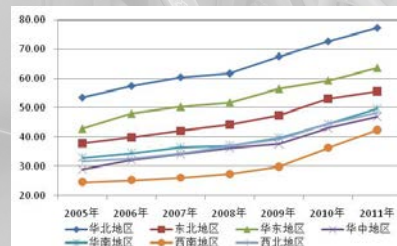
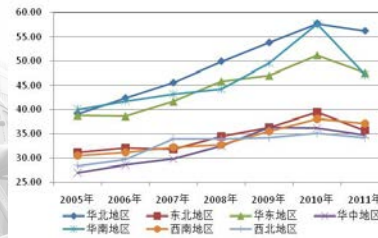
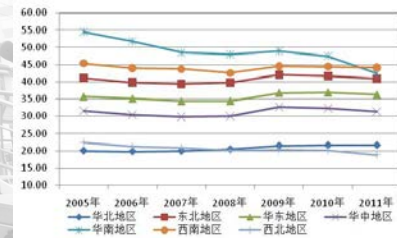


## Activities in CRAES (3)



## Evaluating results

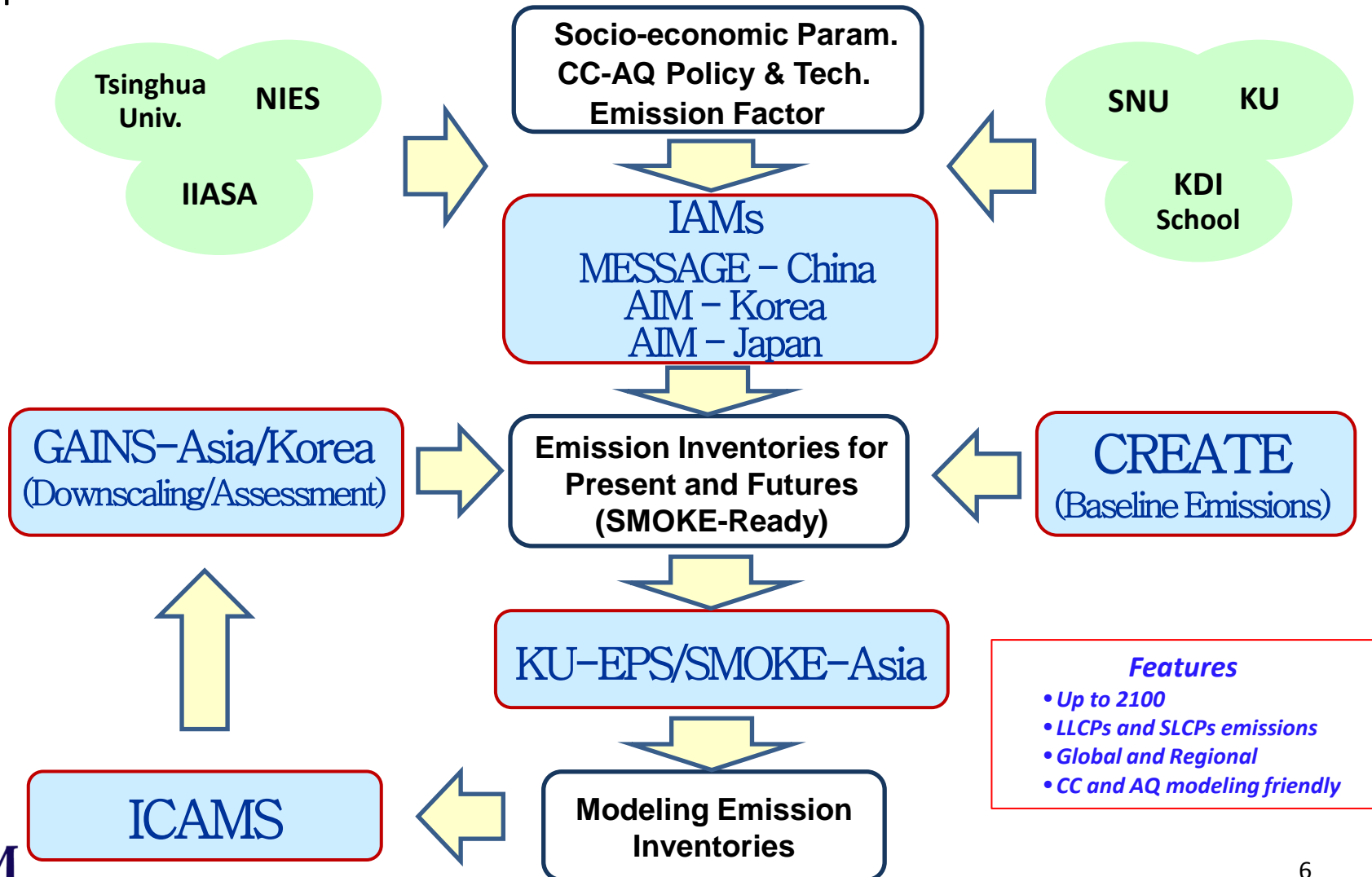
### Regional Assessment for 7 Regions in China



Comprehensive index: Based on Development Index under Low carbon constraint ( $I_{SD}^{LC}$ ), Environment constraint ( $I_{SD}^{IEP}$ ), and both constraints ( $I_{SD}^{(ILC+IEP)/2}$ ), Comprehensive index is calculated  $((I_{SD}^{LC} + I_{SD}^{IEP} + I_{SD}^{(ILC+IEP)/2})/3)$ .

# Activities in NIER (1)

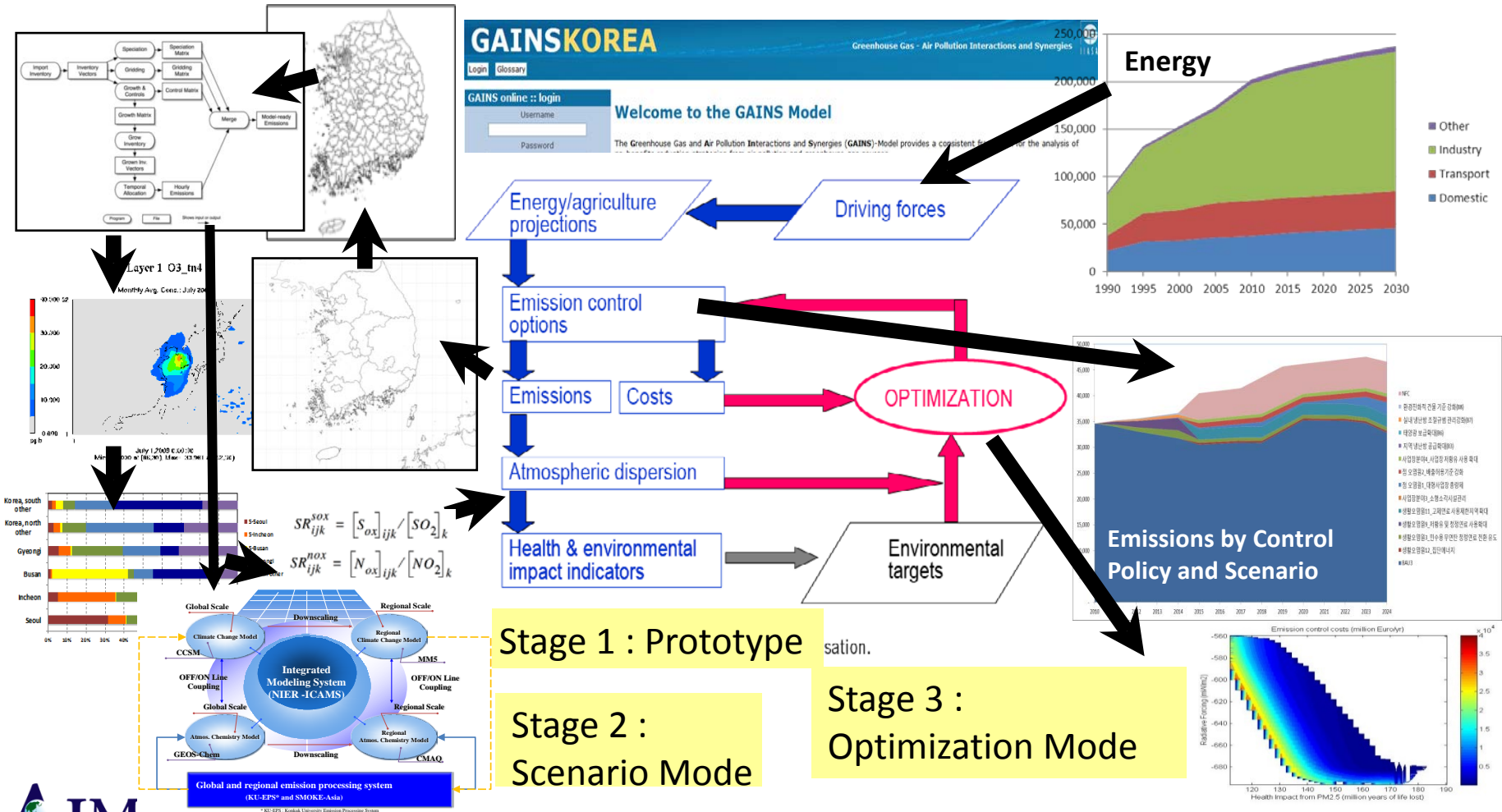
## Development of New Asia Future Emission Scenarios in NIER project - Development Plan and Structure



## Activities in NIER (2)

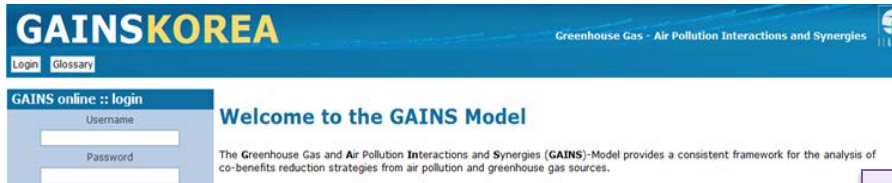
## NIER is developing Future Emission Scenarios

- GAINS-Korea : The Scenario Engine for Climate-Air Quality Management



# Activities in NIER (3)

## GAINS-Korea



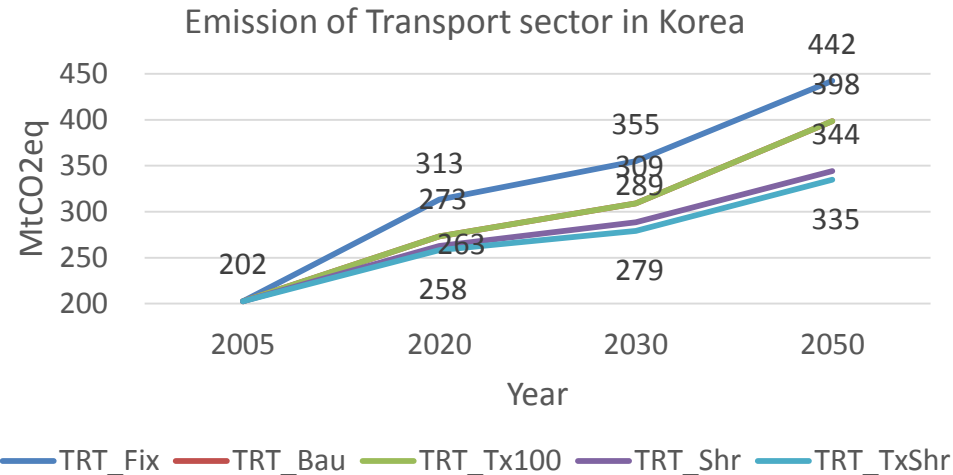
- **Regions : 17, Year: 2010(base) ~ 2050(Future)**
- **Emissions : CAPSS +GHG CAPSS + GAINS**
- **Pollutants: CO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>O, PM<sub>10</sub>, PM<sub>2.5</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, VOC, NH<sub>3</sub>, CO, BC, OC, Mercury**
- **Sectors: Energy, Mobile, Industrial Process, VOCs, Agriculture (detail sectors : 250)**
- **S-R modeling**
  - Domain 1 & 2: 58×46, 54km; 36×66, 18km grid
  - MM5/SMOKE-Asia (Woo et al., 2012)
  - CAMx version 6.0 with OSAT (Ozone Source Apportionment Technology)

## AIM – Korea (TWS2014)

### AIM/Enduse Training workshop Results

- Future transport scenarios for services demands

	2005	2010	2020	2030	2050
Population (million)	47,044	48,184	49,378	49,661	46,183
GDP (\$/person)	577,264	695,267	1,009,588	1,338,333	1,801,145



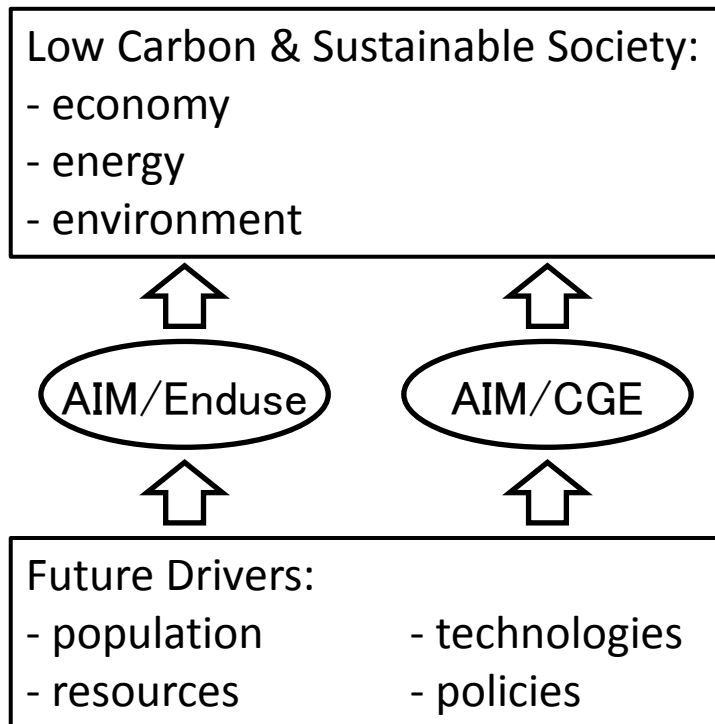
### Results of carbon tax by Korea government at 2015

(Target : Transport sector)

- No effect of tax because of high price of car
- To reduce emission in TRT sector, introduces not only emission tax, but also high-efficiency device

# Activities in NIES (1)

- S-12 project: In order to estimate GHG and SLCP emissions in local scale, NIES is developing regional AIM model.
  - China: 31 provinces
  - Korea: 6 regions



## Results

Factor analysis of energy service demand in Residential sector

*Heating service*



*Cooling service*



*Cooking service*

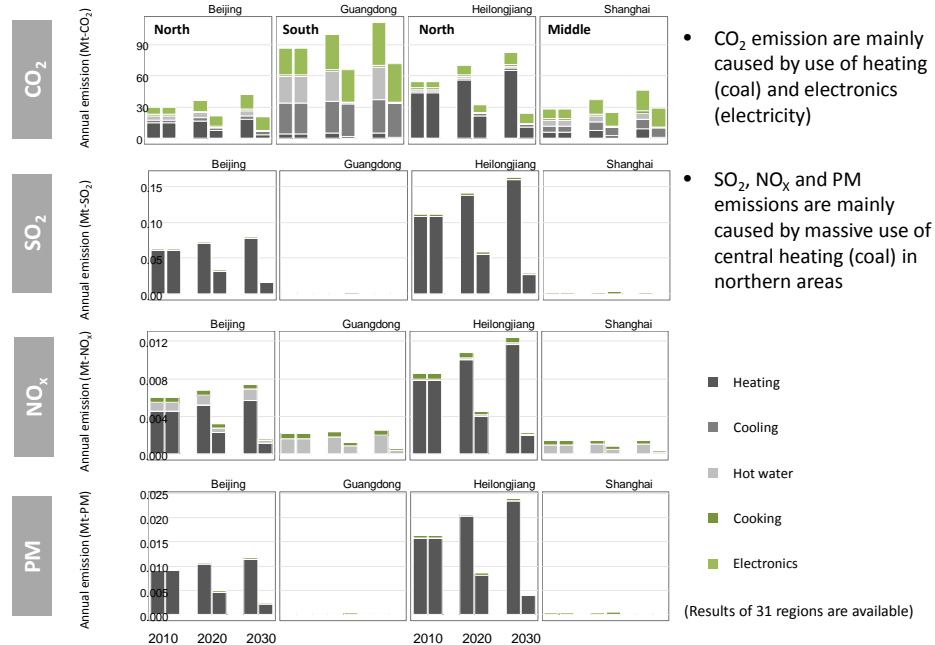


*Lighting service*



# Activities in NIES (2)

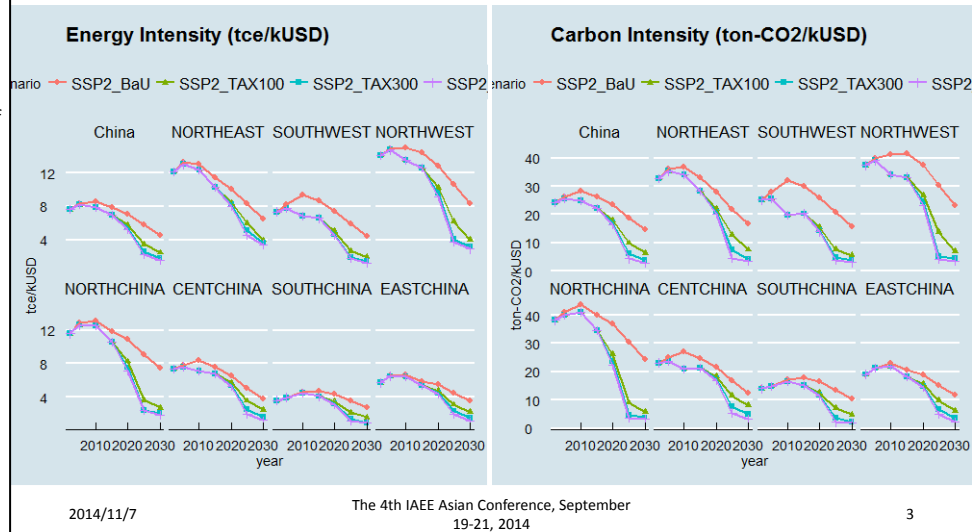
## Air pollutant emissions from residential sector



- CO<sub>2</sub> emission are mainly caused by use of heating (coal) and electronics (electricity)
- SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub> and PM emissions are mainly caused by massive use of central heating (coal) in northern areas

## Results: energy intensity & carbon intensity

- Energy intensity of China from 2002 to 30 improves by **41%** in BaU; **South (22%)** and **East (37%)** China is **lower** than **Central (48%)**, **Northeast (46%)** and **Northwest (42%)** China.
- Carbon intensity improves by **40%** over 2002-30; Higher improvement in **Northeast (49%)** and **Central (46%)** China; While less in **South (27%)** and **North (35%)** China

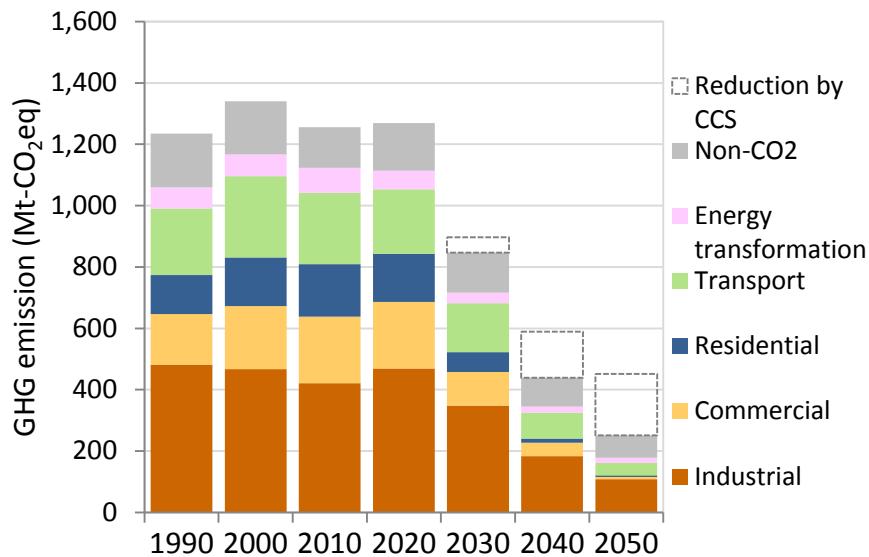


by Dr. Xing Rui

by Dr. Dai Hancheng

## Activities in NIES (3)

- How to realize the drastic GHG emission reduction in Japan (80% reduction in 2050 compared to 1990 level)
- DDPP (Deep Decarbonization Pathways Project)  
<http://www.unsdsn.org/what-we-do/deep-decarbonization-pathways/>



GHG emissions in Japan



DDPP seminar introducing Japan's results was held on October 7 in Tokyo.

In 2014, technology feasibility was assessed.  
In 2015, economic aspects will be reported.

# Research collaboration among CRAES, NIER & NIES

- The 2nd International Symposium for ABC and SLCP, Tokyo, 21-22 July 2014
  - Oral session
    - T. Masui, T. Hanaoka, G. Hibino, G. Kurata: Local socio-economic scenario development based on SSPs (Shared Socio-economic Pathways)
    - T. Hanaoka, K. Fujiwara, Y. Motoki, G. Hibino, T. Masui: Cobenefits of reducing air-pollutants emissions in Asia by achieving a 50% global GHG emissions reduction target by 2050
    - J.-H. Woo, D.-K. Lee, J.-B. Lee, R. Park, C.-K. Song, J.-S. Han: Effects of climate change on regional air quality -Use of IPCC emission scenarios and plan for a new creation
  - Poster session

# Workshop at Tsukuba, Oct 27 - Nov 7



## Next steps toward low carbon society

- By March 2015, INDC (intended nationally determined contribution) would be submitted toward post-2020 international framework. We will also contribute to each government.
- We want to develop common scenarios including LLGHG and SLCP emissions toward low carbon society.
- Not only Mitigation but also Adaptation becomes more important.
- We are necessary for data sharing and intercomparison of research.