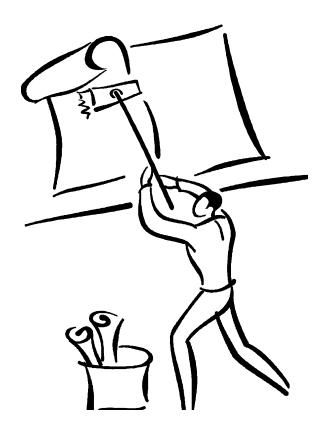
9th IWGGMS:

Level1 Algorithm for TANSO-FTS on GOSAT: Calibration and Correction of four years data A. Kuze, H. Suto, K. Shiomi, M. Nakajima

May 30, 2013 Yokohama, Japan



Level 1 processing - Updates history and corrections





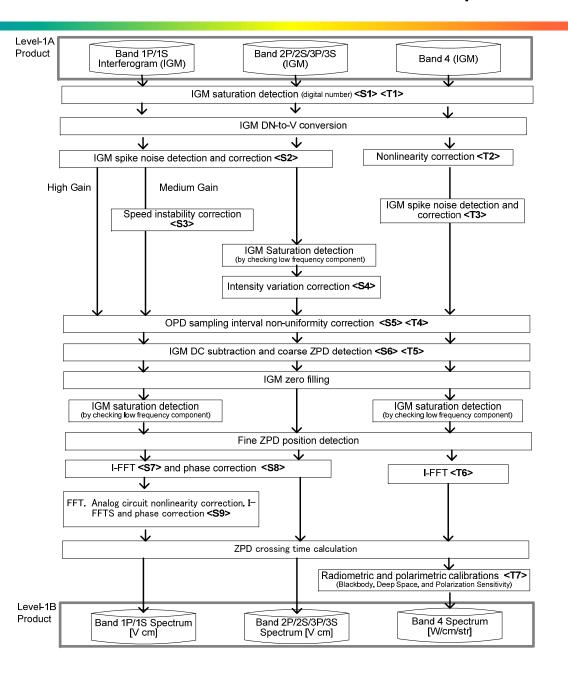
Level 1B processing:

Too many corrections confuse users

| The first version SWIR Optimization of phase correction | |
|---|--|
| WIR Optimization of phase correction | |
| $\frac{1}{2}$ | |
| SWIR Low frequency and optical vignetting correction | |
| Quality flag correction | |
| IR Polarization and radiometric correction | |
| TIR Detector non-linearity correction | |
| D ₂ A Speed instability correction (Gain M) | |
| O ₂ AADC non-linearity correction | |
| TR Deep space view obscuration correction | |
| O ₂ A non-linearity correction | |
| Ion uniformity correction of laser sampling intervals | |
| Optimize TIR correction parameters | |
| ine non-linearity correction | |
|)p | |



Level 1 processing flow Becomes more and more complicated



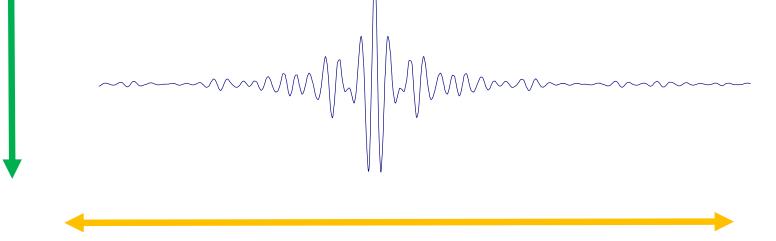
May 2013, IWGGMS



Corrections (no corrections after I-FFT) -interferogram is everything-

Y-AXIS

Intensity variation (Low frequency) component correction Detector (B4) and amplifier (B1) Non-linearity Correction ADC non-linearity (not corrected, V130 issue)



X-AXIS (Re-sampling)

FTS mechanism scan speed instability correction (2 sinusoidal sources)Sampling interval non-uniformity correction (not corrected V150 issue)Doppler shift due to IMC (forward to backward viewing) (not corrected yet)Interferogram truncation (no ZPD shift effect)May 2013, IWGGMS



What was done in V160.160 from May 16 To do in V170.170

V150.151 SINUC (Sampling interval non-uniformity correction) applied

Improper edge process of interferogram

V160.160

(1) no SINUC

(2) Spike noise (pointing instability) quality flag criteria

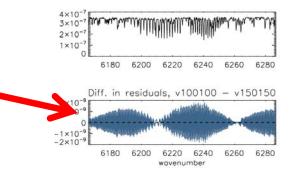
The criteria using IGM differential was too strict.

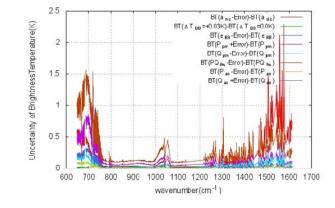
(3) More detailed TIR radiometric correction Polarization, Blackbody emissivity BG radiation.

V170.170

(1) Proper SINUC (Proper edge process

(2) Band 1 analogue circuit non-linearity correction (amplifier and its power supply, consistency between gains H and M) May 2013, IWGGMS





To do next

-more effective operation and user friendly data





How to improve consistency and yield rate Region-by-region customized plan

| | Characteristics | Customized Plan |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| Validation site, Nevada | High albedo, low AOD | Permanent target |
| Lamont | TCCON site | Permanent target |
| Amazon | Fractional clouds | Scramble |
| South America (east coast) | Non-flat | (avoid non-flat) Target the coast |
| Central Africa | Thick AOD | Multi angle |
| Sahara | High albedo, thick | Multi angle |
| Southeast Asia | Island, cloudy | (avoid dark ocean) |
| Ocean | Glint (Lambertian or not) | Different Patterns (IMC or track glint point) |
| | Dark target for aerosol retrieval | Multi angle |
| Australia | Little CO ₂ variation | Gain H and M consistency |
| Mega City, Volcano | Point emission source | Vent + reference |

Question: How to categorize background and high density targets



Target Classification

-in case of too many target modes

→(3-day) limited calibration and validation site
(3-day) sun glint, RA target observations
(3-day) sun glint and limited calibration and validation site
(3-day) sun glint, RA target observations

Up to 1,000 target points per day

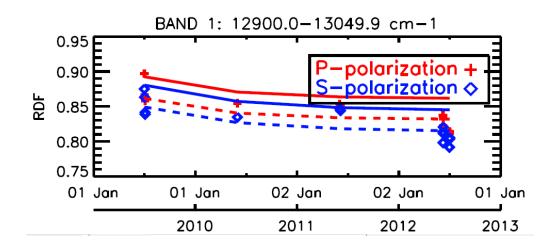
Target Classification to identify high bias or background CAL (Nevada) & VAL (TCCON, Contrail) site Mega city (downtown and reference) Power plant (plume and reference) Volcano (vent and reference)

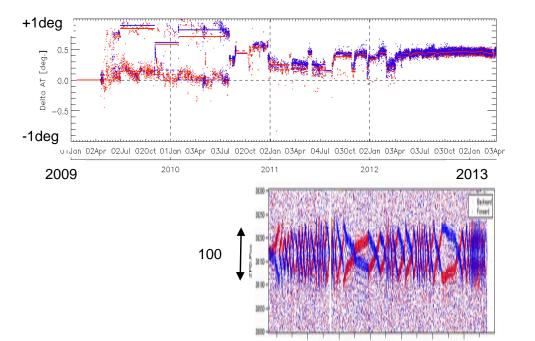


May 2013, IWGGMS

GOSAT data becomes stable -degradation, pointing offset, ZPD shift

2013





2011

Radiance degradation factor diffuser calibration + vicarious calibration

AT pointing offset Grid observation Target Mode

ZPD shift < +/- 50 fringes



Advanced L1 product with best estimate calibration -5years package, scrap-and-build

- (1) Raw spectra (V/cm-1) + best estimate radiance after degradation correction <radiometric>
- (2) Raw geometry data + best estimate after pointing error correction <Geometric>
- (3) Geometry (Scattering phase angle), surface BRDF and aerosol
- (4) Mueller matrix < Polarimetric>
- (5) Quality flag (Real anomaly only: pointing)
- (6) Target point classification
- (7) Truncated IGM and exactly uniform MOPD for 5 years
- (8) Finite-angle effect correction (TIR only)
- (9) Correction Wavelength shift due to laser gradual misalignment (probably no need) < Spectrometric>

Conclusion

Suggestions and requests from L1 and L4 users are welcome

L1 format and contents

Operations

Target classification

please mail to kuze.akihiko@jaxa.jp

And a second secon