# Wastewater flow and solid waste stream in Thailand 

## Sirintornthep Towprayoon

Joint Graduate School of Energy and Environment, King Mongkut's University of Technology Thonburi


## General description of Thailand



Location : latitude $5^{\prime} 40^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{N}$ to $20^{\prime} 30^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{N}$ longitude $97{ }^{\prime} 70^{\prime \prime}$ E to $105^{\prime} 45^{\prime \prime}$ E

Area: $\quad 513,114.6$ square kilometers 27 \% remain under forest

Climate: wet and dry seasons annual mean temperature $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Population : approx. 64 Million

## Wastewater Flow

- Location of Source
- Metropolitans
- Municipalities
- Cities
- Type of Source
- Household
- Building
- Restaurant
- Industry
- Agricultural farm
- Activity data
- Wastewater generation rate
- Amount of wastewater
- BOD per head



## Domestic Wastewater

## Domestic Wastewater Generation

| Region_ |  | Wastewater generation (l/capita/day) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1993 | 1997 | 2002 | 2007 | 2012 | 2027 |  |  |
| Central | $160-214$ | $165-242$ | $170-288$ | $176-342$ | $183-406$ | $189-482$ |  |  |
| North | 183 | 200 | 225 | 252 | 282 | 316 |  |  |
| Northeast | $200-253$ | $216-263$ | $239-277$ | $264-291$ | $291-306$ | $318-322$ |  |  |
| South | 171 | 195 | 204 | 226 | 249 | 275 |  |  |

Source : OEPP 1995

## Domestic Wastewater

| Region | (gm BOD/capita/day) |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1997 | 2002 | 2007 | 2012 | 2017 |
| Central | 30 | 34 | 36 | 38 | 40 |
| North | 30 | 34 | 36 | 38 | 40 |
| Northeast | 35 | 40 | 43 | 47 | 50 |
| South | 35 | 38 | 42 | 46 | 50 |

## On site Wastewater Treatment




Small community :
Cluster treatment plant to reduce sewage collection

Dense population area, tourist Province and in area with poor Water quality : Central treatment plant

## Domestic Wastewater Treatment in Bangkok

## Ongoing Wastewater Treatment Projects Status in 2002

| Wastewater Treatment Project | Service Area ( $\mathrm{km}^{2}$ ) | Capacity <br> ( $\mathrm{m}^{3} /$ day) | Status |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Si Phraya | 2.7 | 30,000 | Operation |
| 2. Rattanakosin | 4.1 | 40,000 | Operation |
| 3. $\mathrm{BMA}=1$ | 37.0 | 350,000 | Under construction |
| 4. Chongnonsi | 28.5 | 200,000 | Operation |
| 5. Nong Khaem-Phasicharoen Ratburana | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 44.0 \\ & 42.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 157,000 \\ 65,000 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Construction Completed, Operation Test |
| 6. BMA -4 | 33.4 | 150,000 | Under contruction |
| Total | 191.7 | 992,000 |  |

Source: Department of Drainage and Sewerage, BMA, 2002
Listing of the Future Wastewater Treatment Project

| Wastewater Treatment Project | Service Area <br> $\left(\mathbf{k m}^{2}\right)$ | Capacity <br> $\left(\mathbf{m}^{\mathbf{3}} /\right.$ day $)$ | Status |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1. Thonburi | 51 | 520,000 | Preparation for the <br> Feasibility Study |
| 2. Phrakanong - Klong Toei | 71 | 480,000 | Completion of Feasibility Study |
| 3. Nong Bon | 55 | 125,000 | Listed in the Sth BMD Plan |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 7 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 1 2 5 , 0 0 0}$ |  |

Source: Department of Drainage and Sewerage, BMA, 2001

## Wastewater Central Treatment Plant in Thailand

| Location | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Numb } \\ & \text { er of } \\ & \text { Plants } \end{aligned}$ | Status of treatment plants |  |  |  | Capacity (m3/day ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Under operation | Under Repair | Under Construction | Delay construction |  |
| Bangkok | 7 | 7 | - | - | - | 992,00 |
| Central region | 21 | 15 | 5 | - | 1 | 812,10 |
| Eastern region | 15 | 11 | 3 | 1 | - | 293,90 |
| Northern region | 17 | 9 | 5 | 3 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 236,08 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ |
| Northeastern region | 18 | 9 | 3 | 6 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 277,08 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ |
| Southern region | 17 | 8 | 4 | 5 | - | $\begin{aligned} & 358,32 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |
| TOTAL | 95 | 59 | 20 | 15 | - | 2,969, |
| As of 2006 Data | m BMA |  |  |  |  | 490 |

## Solid Waste Stream

- Waste generation rate
- Waste composition
- Waste recycle



## Waste generation and waste generation rate

| Area | Population | Waste generation <br> (tons/day) | Waste generation rate <br> ( kg/cap/day) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Bangkok | $5,844,607$ | 9,350 | 1.6 |
| 2. City and Pattaya | $12,203,425$ | 14,661 | 1.2 |
| 2.1 Central- Western <br> region | $3,585,595$ | 4,650 | 1.3 |
| 2.2 Northen region | $2,264,406$ | 2,825 | 1.25 |
| 2.3 North-east <br> region <br> 2.4 Eastern region | $3,239,281$ | 3,134 | 0.97 |
| 2.4 Southern region | $1,246,151$ | 1,901 | 1.53 |
| 3. Outside City | $\mathbf{4 4 , 8 7 1 , 6 5 3}$ | 17,930 | 1.15 |
| $\mathbf{6 3 , 6 5 5 , 4 5}$ | $\mathbf{4 1 , 9 4 1}$ | 0.4 |  |

## Waste generation in Thailand



## Solid Waste 2005



## Bones\&Shell $5 \%$



Figure 4.6 Type of Solid Waste composition 1991 and 2000 (Source : Department of Public Cleansing, BMA, 2000)

## Current MSW flow



## Bangkok Solid waste flow

waste generated in Bangkol
 (2,548,567 Tons)

On-nuch disposal plant (1,221,500 tons)

Tarang transfer station (641,352 Tons)

Nongkham disposal plant (685,715 Tons)
composting process (365,331Tons)

to landfill site (866,169 Tons)

Landfill disposal at Ladkrabang (1,111,900 Tons)

## Waste management in city




National MSW management plan

## Solid waste treatment in Thailand 2003



## Treatment Technology

- Bangkok :
- Landfill at Kampangsan, Rachadhewa,
- City and Pattaya :
- Sanitary landfill 104 sites,
- Incinerators 3 sites,
- Combined technology 10 sites


## Waste to Energy

- Incineration :
- Phuket 2.5 MW
- Landfill :
- Kampangsan 870 kW
- Rachadhewa 935 kW
- Anaerobic Digestion :
- Rayong 625 kW
- Chonburi 1MW



## Thank you for your attention And

Sawasdee Ka

